

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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COUNTRY **Rumania**
SUBJECT **Rumanian Trade Brochures**

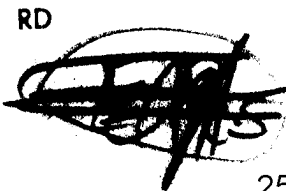
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1. Forwarded herewith for your retention, and for whatever value have, are various Rumanian trade brochures

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2. When detached from the covering memorandum, the attachments

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Information Bulletin

OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF THE RUMANIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC

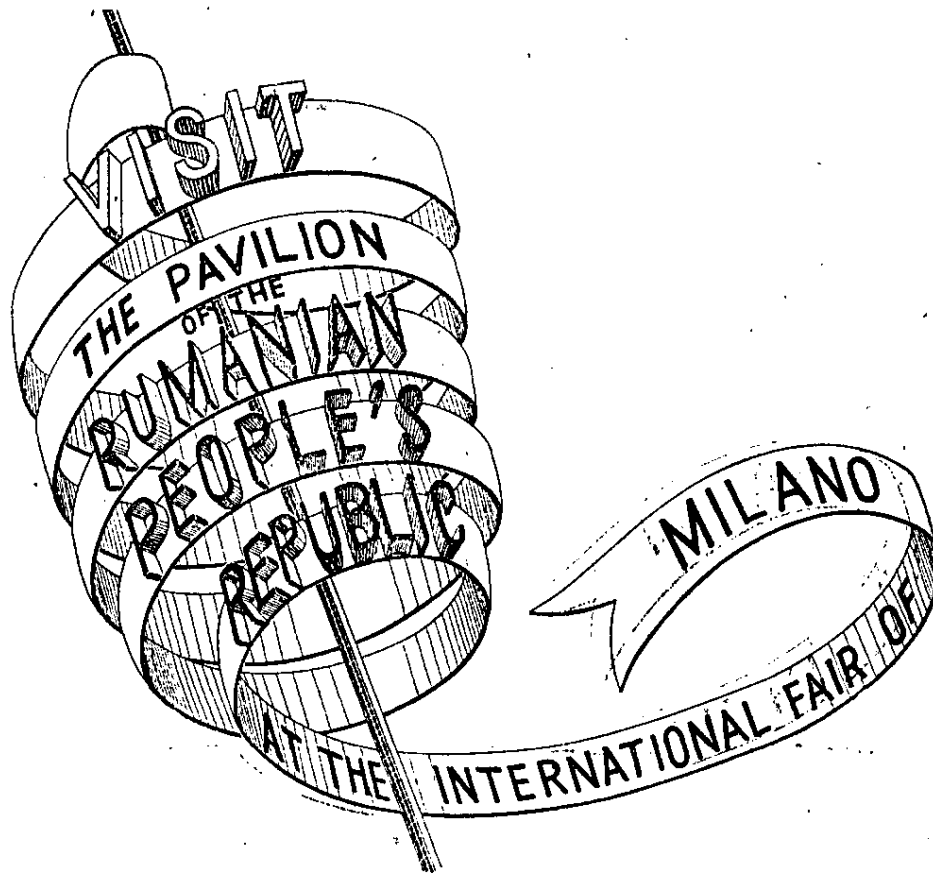
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2nd Year

MARCH 1956

Nr. 3 (15)



April 12 : 27. 1956

BUY IN RUMANIA:

- ◆ PORC, frozen or refrigerated, in halves of 30 kg or more, with or without head and legs, without fat and inner organs.
- ◆ BEEF, frozen or refrigerated, in quarters of 45 kg more, without inner organs. Meat of absolutely healthy animals having undergone veterinary control both before and after slaughtering.
- ◆ LIVE ANIMALS, *Swine* of various races: York, Basna, Mangalitza from 100 kg upwards; fat and half fat animals, and animals for meat. *Oxen* for slaughtering of extra and superior qualities and for meat products.
Sheep of all races weighing 32 to 35 kg each, of the fat and half fat quality.

SUPPLIED by:

"PRODEXPORT" Bucharest, Str. Gabriel Péri Nr. 5-7 ♦ Phone: 6.30.57; 3.88.33
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INFORMATION BULLETIN

OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF THE RUMANIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC

ISSUED MONTHLY IN ENGLISH, RUSSIAN, FRENCH AND GERMAN
EDITORS: THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF THE RPR, BUCHAREST, BD. NICOLAE BALCESCU
Nr. 22, CABLES: «CAMROM» PHONE: 5.24.29; 3.12.05; 5.12.99

RUMANIAN FOREIGN TRADE COMPANIES AT THE 24th INTERNATIONAL FAIR OF MILAN

Between April, 12-27 a number of Rumanian foreign trade companies will show samples of their commodities at the International Fair of Milan.

Organized with a view to further contributing to the development of economic relations with Italy, the participation of Rumanian foreign trade companies in the 24th international fair of Milan will moreover continue an old tradition. As early as the beginning of the XXth century Rumania was among the countries which participated in various Italian international fairs. *)

The tradition of Rumania's participation in the international sample fairs organized in Italy illustrates the existence of long standing commercial relations set up between the peoples of the two states centuries ago. The passing of years does not hinder the development of traditional economic relations, on the contrary these relations can be widened in the interest of the national economy of both countries. Indeed this is the very end the Rumanian-Italian trade and payment agreement is meant to further. This agreement signed on the 20th of November 1950 and which came into force a month later is still in force, its validity having been extended every year by tacit consent. Under this agreement the main commodities which can be exchanged by the two countries are: timber and other wooden products, kiln charcoal, grain, avicultural products and by-products, brooms, medicinal herbs, windowglass, marble, fuel-oil, etc., to be exported by Rumania, citrus fruits, cork, machines and apparatus, chemicals, textiles, woollen fabrics and articles, ball- and roller-bearings, dyestuffs, naval engines, etc., to be exported by Italy.

The signing of this agreement has greatly facilitated the development of Rumanian-Italian economic relations. Compared with the first half of 1951 the exchange of goods between the Rumanian P. R. and Italy in the first half of 1955 represented an increase of 303.2 %. In the opinion of Rumanian economic circles however this increase only represents a small fraction of the real possibilities of trade exchanges of the two countries, considering the great export capacity of both the Rumanian P. R. and Italy. Our country's participation in the international sample fair of Milan will therefore be a good opportunity to extend the direct contacts between Rumanian and Italian economic circles, to discuss and establish the possibilities of widening bilateral trade.

From among the great number of Rumanian export commodities available, at Milan this spring we shall exhibit only samples of the products which are of special interest to the Italian and the West European markets. Among these products we should firstly mention: fresh and tinned meat, poultry, eggs, fresh and preserved vegetables and fruit, cheese and other milk products, wine, «Tzuica» (plum brandy) and other alcoholic beverages, animal and avicultural by-products, modern confections in Rumanian folk-art style, Rumanian folk-art dress articles, Rumanian carpets, wooden carvings, etc.

*) The first participation of our country in the international sample fairs organized in Italy dates back to 1906 («The Universal Exhibition of Milan»).

The visitors to our pavilion will thus have the opportunity to ascertain that there are means of widening trade relations between the Rumanian P. R. on the one hand and Italy and the West European countries generally on the other. These means are even more evidenced by the other well known Rumanian products not exhibited in the pavilion but which are customarily imported by various countries of Western Europe. Among these products we cite: timber and wooden products, carbon black and other chemicals, petroleum products and especially fuel-oil, various building materials, glassware, medicinal herbs, panification grains, fodder and other agricultural products, etc. At the same time the existence in the Rumanian P. R. as well as in West European countries of metallurgical and machine building industries does not preclude the possibility of a bilateral exchange of the products turned out by these industries.

It is the common practice of Rumanian foreign trade to use exports to a country as a means of payment for imports from that country.

This practice facilitates the development of mutually advantageous economic relations and our country would like to carry on such relations with any country actuated by the same desire.

The Rumanian-Italian trade and payment agreement being a clearing agreement makes possible cooperation on the very basis of exchange mentioned above (exports to Italy as a means of payment for imports). If apart from this advantage offered by the agreement in force to the firms of both countries, we also consider the wide range of commodities which can be exchanged by these firms, the possibility to develop Rumanian-Italian trade relations is clearly evidenced. Moreover it should be borne in mind that both Rumanian and Italian consumers have known Rumanian and Italian commodities for hundreds of years and have always appreciated and preferred them to others. As far as new Rumanian or Italian export goods are concerned there are many signs that they are appreciated by importers.

In participating in the international sample fair of Milan Rumanian foreign trade companies wish to set up new mutually advantageous trade relations and to widen the existing ones. They are sure firms in Italy and in other participating countries share the same desire and that the negotiations which will be carried on will result in a new contribution towards strengthening peaceful cooperation among nations.

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- ◆ Mast crane on rails, lifting capacity 0.4-1 ton, height of lifting 8-18 m.
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Bucharest, Piața Rosetti, No. 4
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Information

Signing of Protocol Relating to the Exchange of Commodities Between the R.P.R. and the USSR in 1956

As a result of the negotiations that were carried on, on February 11, 1956 a Protocol was signed in Moscow, relating to the exchange of commodities between the Rumanian People's Republic and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in 1956.

The Protocol provides for a constant increase in the volume of exchanges as against 1955.

The Rumanian People's Republic will supply the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics with petroleum products, fishing craft, barges, furniture, meat and other goods which the Rumanian People's Republic has supplied to the Soviet Union also in the past.

The Soviet Union will supply the Rumanian People's Republic with cotton, rolled steel goods, iron ore, coke, non-ferrous metals, industrial equipment, agricultural machines, motor-vehicles and other goods required by the national economy of the Rumanian People's Republic.

Signing of Trade Agreement Between the Rumanian People's Republic and Burma

On February 7, 1956 a three years trade agreement was signed at Rangoon between the Rumanian People's Republic and the Burmese Union. The agreement provides for the development of economic and trade relations between the two countries on the basis of the principle of equality and mutual advantages.

Under this agreement Burma will export to Rumania rice and other agricultural products, minerals, teak wood, rubber, raw cotton and other commodities, while the Rumanian P. R. will supply Burma with oil-well drilling and coal mining equipment, electro-technical equipment, machine-tools, building equipment, machines, tractors and other goods.

The agreement moreover includes a trade protocol concerning the exchange of Burmese rice and rice products for Rumanian commodities.

The Rumanian P.R. will set up a commercial mission in Burma with a view to facilitating the implementation of the agreement.

The Rumanian P. R. is Ready to Assist the Countries of Asia

In February the 12th session of the U.N.O. Economic Commission for Asia and the Far-East was held in Bangalore.

During the discussions which followed the report submitted to the session by the Industry and Trade Committee, P. Silard observer of the Rumanian P. R., took the floor showing in his speech that, as a result of the constant increase in our economic potential in recent years, our country's economic relations with foreign countries had been continuously developed. He moreover emphasized that Rumania was ready to impart her great experience in the domain of geological prospecting and the extraction of minerals to the countries of Asia.

ROLLING STOCK OF ALL TYPES

- Locomotives for fast passenger trains types 1 D2 and 2 CO;
- Locomotives for freight trains, types 1 EO, EO and 1 C1;
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- Narrow gauge forestry locomotives, type D, gauge 760 mm;
- Third class passenger cars;
- Tank cars, 50 m³ on 4 axles;
- Special self-discharging trucks for ores;
- Covered and uncovered freight trucks of 50 and 25 t;
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- Diesel locomotives for mine and surface work;
- Trucks for mines and building sites, etc.;

«MAȘINIMPORT»

Bucharest, Str. M. Eminescu Nr. 10
Phone: 2.65.20 Cables:
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Building of a Complex Works for Processing Synthetic Rubber in the Rumanian P. R.

In the vicinity of Bucharest intensive work is underway on the building site of the biggest unit of our light industry: the complex works for processing synthetic rubber. This modern plant will consist of a mechanical goods factory, a rubber footwear factory and a rubber regenerating factory. The first two factories and various annexes are being built according to the blueprints of the Light Industry Projecting Institute of the Rumanian P. R., and the rubber regenerating factory after designs made in the Soviet Union.

The new complex works covers an area of 300,000 sq. m., 65,000 sq. m. of which are covered by buildings. The setting up of this great plant is of outstanding importance for the rubber processing industry of the Rumanian P. R. According to the blue prints, in its final stage the complex works will turn out rubber articles in a quantity surpassing the entire quantity produced by all the rubber factories in the country.

In addition to imported machines the complex works will also be fitted out with Rumanian made machines. The highly technical machines and equipment of the complex works will make it possible to mechanize the entire process of production.

Rumanian Film Projectors at International Sample Fairs

Film projectors are of recent manufacture in the Rumanian P. R., yet the Rumanian industry manufacturing such apparatus ("Technocin") has perfectly mastered the modern methods of fabrication turning out excellent quality apparatus excellently rendering both sound and image.

The most perfect type of projector turned out so far by the Rumanian factory "Technocin" is the type T-2 apparatus shown last year in our pavilions at the international sample fairs of Izmir, Zagreb, Plovdiv and New Delhi. At these fairs the Rumanian cinema projectors were highly appreciated by foreign experts. While the mass production of type T-2 projectors for normal screen will continue, "Technocin" is studying for the future the

possibility to adapt the type T-2 apparatus for cinemascope and the manufacturing of cinema projectors for village cinemas.

Rumanian made film projectors are exported by the "Industrialexport" company, Bucharest, str. Gabriel Peri No. 2.

New Glassware Factory in the Rumanian People's Republic

Recently the building of a new glassware factory was begun in the Rumanian P. R. Blue-printed by the Light Industry Projecting Institute of the Rumanian P. R. the new factory will be one of the units of the complex glassware and ceramic works to be built at Albesti. The processes of production in the new factory will be semi-automatic and its output will be double the production of the biggest glass factory in our country.

The main articles which will be turned out by this new industrial unit will include household glassware and glass articles for the food-stuffs and pharmaceutical industries.

The construction has moreover begun of three modern canteens and three workers' apartment houses as well as of the railway embankment.

Commissioning of Fish Preserves Factory of Tulcea

The fish preserves factory of Tulcea has been commissioned recently. The blue-prints of this factory were drawn up by the Projecting Institute for foodstuffs problems of the Rumanian P.R.

All the sections of the factory are fitted out with imported or Rumanian-made machines of a high technical level.

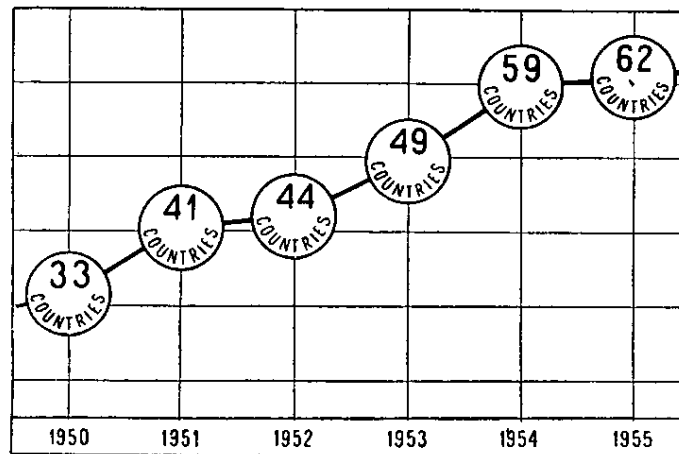
Near the main building of the factory are located the thermic station, with boilers of 200 sq. m. each, a shop turning out 35-40,000 tins of various types in 8 hours, warehouses and a perfectly equipped laboratory. The power plant is already under construction and shortly the building of the social and administration block will also begin.

The new fish preserves factory of Tulcea is among the greatest fish preserves factories in Europe turning out over 20,000 tins in each (8 hour) shift.

Foreign Trade of the Rumanian Peoples Republic at the End of the First Five Year Plan for the Development of the National Economy

While successfully fulfilling its first Five-Year Plan (1951-1955), our country has constantly developed her economic relations with foreign countries. In 1955 the volume of the Rumanian P. R.'s foreign trade approximately doubled compared with 1950. During the same period the Rumanian foreign trade companies extended

our country reached a production of*) 765,000 tons of steel, 575,000 tons of pig-iron, 567,000 tons of rolled goods, 600,000 tons of iron ore, 10,575,000 tons of crude oil, 92,000 tons of sulphuric acid, 2 million tons of cement, etc. As against 1938, at the end of 1955 the value *) of the machines turned out by the



Geographical repartitioning of the Rumanian P. R.'s foreign trade during the first Five Year Plan for the development of the national economy

their economic relations dealing with 62 countries as against 33 at the beginning of the above mentioned period.

It is obvious that the exchange of goods of the Rumanian People's Republic with foreign countries could not have grown from year to year if during the last decade a constantly increasing material basis, influencing foreign trade, had not been created in our country. This material basis is today represented by an industrial output 2.9 times greater than in 1938 (and 3.4 times greater than in 1948), by a harvest of grain which already last year reached about 12 million tons against barely some 9 million tons in 1938. From a mere agrarian annexe to the industrially developed Western countries before World War Two, at the end of 1955

Rumanian P. R. marked an increase of 832 %, that of electro-technical goods 750 %, of chemicals 540 %, etc.

The process of transformation of our economic structure (from a backward agrarian economy into a preeminently industrial economy) has had and continues to have a considerable influence on our country's foreign trade.

As concerns exports, for instance, in all encyclopaedias and directories with international circulation Rumania was shown as a supplier of agricultural products, oil, timber, salt and livestock. In 1938 industrial goods represented only 1.7 % of the total volume of Rumania's exports. Today the situation is altogether differ-

* provisional figures.

ent. In the export lists of the Rumanian foreign trade companies are entered such products as complete outfits for various factories, thermo-power stations, naval craft up to 4000 tons displacement, machine-tools for processing metals, hoisting machines, road-building machines, electric motors and internal combustion engines, motor-vehicles, tractors, farming machinery, various metal consumer goods, carbon black, lacquers and enamel paints, paints, dyestuffs, pigments and various other chemicals, pharmaceutical substances, cement, window-glass, marble and other building materials, glassware, etc. Moreover our country continues to export her traditional commodities, but in this sector too, the substantial economic changes which have occurred in our country are being felt. Today Rumania no longer exports crude oil, our refineries making it possible for us to process the entire quantity of crude oil at home which is then supplied as distilled products. The products of the other branches of the Rumanian economy are also sold at a constantly higher stage of industrialization. Today alongside grain, we export alimentary pastes, alongside timber, luxury and serially made furniture, kiln and pile charcoal, packings, naval and air sports craft and other sports articles, etc.; and alongside vegetables, fruit and fresh meat — a wide range of preserves.

The high quality of Rumanian commodities and the advantageous conditions offered to customers by the Rumanian foreign trade companies cause the volume of goods exported by the Rumanian P. R. constantly to increase.

Sector	1951	1955
Industry	100	161
Petroleum	100	200
Lumber	100	148
Agriculture	100	111
Foodstuffs	100	145

★

The constantly growing Rumanian exports (and consequently the permanent increase in our means of payment) and the new line along

which our economy is developing have also greatly influenced Rumania's imports. Prior to World War Two the value of imported machines and especially of complete outfits for various industrial units represented only a negligible percentage compared with the total value of Rumanian imports. In that period many a year passed without a new works, a new factory or a new power station being set up.

Today in this sector too the situation is completely altered and in addition to the equipment, machines, outfits and spare parts produced at home, we use for fitting out or refitting our industrial units a wide range of imported goods, especially in order to hasten the industrialization and development of our national economy. During the first Five Year Plan alone the Rumanian P. R. imported from various European countries: 6 electric power plants, 14 ore dressing outfits, a coal chemistry plant, a soda product plant, an agglomerating plant, an electro-insulating material factory, a roller- and ball-bearing factory, an ammonia factory, a factory producing card clothing, a mineral wool factory, a cotton ginning station, a linters removing station, a hemp and a flax rettery, a cigarette paper factory, a milk powder factory, a fruit juice factory, the complete equipment for the Buftea film centre, etc. Moreover there were imported thousands of machine-tools for processing metals, various spare parts, motor-vehicles, important quantities of raw materials, chemicals fuel, consumer goods, etc. The growing import possibilities of the Rumanian P. R. are made plain by the following table which indicates the trend of the principal commodities imported by our country in 1955 as against 1951.

Specification	1951	1955
Machines and equipment for production (spare parts included)	100	141
Raw materials (foodstuffs excluded), materials and fuel	100	130
Consumer goods	100	240

In the future both the import and export of the Rumanian P.R. have great prospects of development. According to the provisions of the second Five-Year Plan for the development of our national economy, priority will be given to the development of the industry of means of production (whose output in 1960 will be 70-75 % above 1955) and especially to those branches of heavy industry which have the required raw materials available at home, such as: the oil and chemical industries, power plants, the metallurgy of iron, the non-ferrous metal industry, the coal industry, etc. During the period 1955-1960 our country's total industrial production will grow by 60-65 % as against 1955. New factories, works and electric power plants will be built, new oil-wells will be drilled, new mines will be opened and the production capacity of many existent works will be increased. Priority development of the various branches of heavy industry will ensure a constant increase in the output of consumer goods and agricultural production which in 1960 will reach at least 15 million tons of grain. To this should be added the possibility of using atomic energy (which is cheap and practically inexhaustible) in various sectors of our national economy as a result of the assistance received from the Soviet Union and owing to important quantities of raw material (uranium) available in our country.

Influenced by this line of economic development the structural make-up of our foreign trade will become richer every year. Industrial products at the highest technical level will henceforth occupy a preponderant place in our exports. At the same time the vast economic construction work going on in our country as well as the growing requirements of the population will contribute towards constantly increasing the absorption capacity of our home market and will favourably influence the importation of a great variety of commodities and the continuous development of our economic relations with foreign countries.

*

The Rumanian P.R. is prepared to cooperate in the economic domain with any country willing to do so while observing the

principle of equality, mutual advantages and non-interference in internal affairs.

During the first Five Year Plan we developed our economic relations with the Soviet Union and the countries of people's democracy in Europe and Asia as well as with the capitalist countries which have shown interest in it.

At the end of our first Five Year Plan trade with the Soviet Union held the first place in the total volume of Rumanian foreign trade. The Soviet Union supplied us in extremely advantageous conditions with: complete outfits for electric power plants and for other various plants and factories, machine-tools, spare parts, rolled metal goods, cables, farming machinery, motor-cars, industrial and alimentary raw materials, fuel, etc. All these products were paid for by us with goods specific to our country a great number of which are produced today owing to the same economic cooperation with the Soviet Union, the latter not only supplying us with the necessary means to manufacture them but also putting at our disposal the respective technical reference material, sending us experts, training Rumanian experts in the USSR, etc.

After the USSR the countries of people's democracy of Europe and Asia held the second place in our foreign trade. Alongside economic cooperation with the USSR, our country's economic relations with the other countries of people's democracy have proved to be fruitful for the economy and the standard of living of the respective nations, and contribute to the continuous prosperity of our countries.

In 1954 the Rumanian P.R. resumed her exchanges of commodities with the F.P.R. of Yugoslavia, the neighbouring and friendly country and is now carrying on such exchanges on an ever larger scale. The trade agreement concluded in Belgrade on March 24, 1954, the conventions referring to the resumption of railway and air connections, shipping on the Danube and especially the trade agreement signed in Bucharest in January 1956 (which provides for a volume of exchanges double that of the previous agreement) are important links in the resumption of

the traditional multilateral connections between the Rumanian people and the peoples of the F.P.R. of Yugoslavia.

During our first Five-Year Plan our economic relations with the capitalist countries have also gradually displayed an ever more important development. In spite of the artificial barriers raised by certain Western circles in the way of free trade among countries, at the end of 1955, the volume of exchanges of the Rumanian P.R. with the capitalist countries was 2.5 times greater than in 1950. In 1955 we carried on trade with 53 capitalist countries and with 17 of them (Argentina, Belgium, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, France, Greece, India, Indonesia, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Lebanon, Norway, Switzerland, Syria, Turkey) we had concluded trade agreements, conventions or protocols. At the same time the Rumanian foreign trade companies had concluded conventions on a compensation basis with private concerns in the German F. R. ("Ostausschuss") and Sweden ("Romano-Sukab"). With the other capitalist countries our exchange of commodities is being conducted on the basis of free transactions between companies.

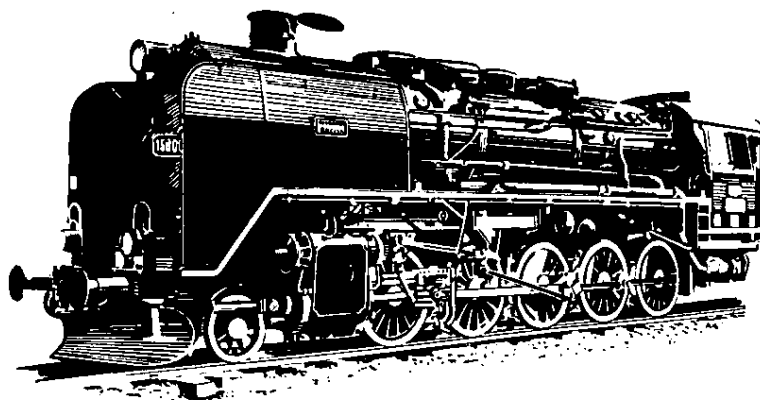
In proof of the mutual interest displayed in the development of bilateral economic relations, suffice it to mention that compared with the first half of 1951 in the first half of 1955 our commercial exchanges with Great Britain, for instance represented 246.1 %, with Argentina 113.0 %, with Austria 134.9 %, Belgium 130.4 %, Denmark 311.0 %, Switzerland 102.4 %, Egypt 590.6 %, Finland 903.7 %, France 809.1 %, the German F.R. 580.4 %, Italy 303.2 %, Israel 142.1 %, Holland 386.1 %, Turkey 668.2 %, and our commercial exchanges with Syria, Lebanon, Irak, Jordan, Saudi Arabia and Kuwait grew in the first 10 months of 1955 by 612 % as against the entire year 1951.

These few examples taken from among the industrially developed countries as well as from among the less economically developed ones prove that, owing to its complex struc-

ture, the Rumanian economy has wide possibilities to carry on commercial exchanges with any country which desires it irrespective of its stage of economic development. Indeed, it is common knowledge that in spite of its relatively small territory, our country has important and varied sources of raw materials, a modern and many-sided industry in full swing of development and a constantly increasing agro-zootechnical production. All these branches of Rumanian economic activity are in a position to supply a wide range of high quality goods and in their turn require various products specific to other economies.

As a result of this situation (to which should be added the Rumanian P.R.'s desire to contribute to the greatest possible extent towards constantly strengthening peaceful cooperation among nations) our country consistently carries on a policy of extending its foreign trade. As early as the end of last year the Rumanian P.R. sent economic delegations to various countries in Africa and Asia to conduct negotiations with a view to concluding bilateral exchange agreements. Since the beginning of 1956 in this geographical region, two new trade agreements have been concluded with Lebanon and Syria. At the same time, upon agreement with the respective partners, our country has extended the validity of a number of agreements for another year while greatly increasing the volume of exchanges provided for under these agreements.

It is a permanent trend in our foreign trade to continue also in the future to set up direct economic relations with any country that wishes it and to increase the volume of trade exchanges with all countries. This tendency which is the logical consequence of the development of our national economy, at the same time serves the interests of the national economy of any country. Moreover it is a sure means of fulfilling mankind's present desire — the establishment of a lasting peace and a happy and prosperous life for all nations.



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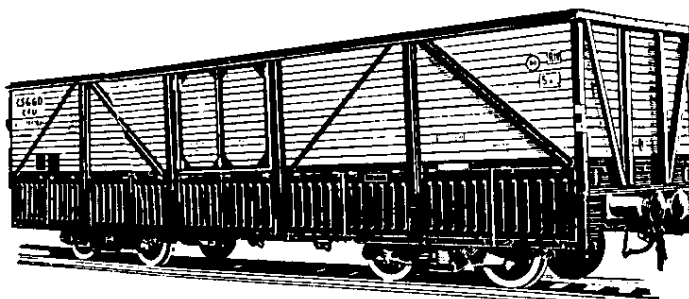
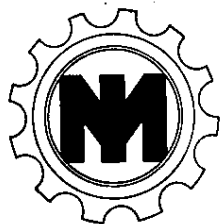
- ♦ Locomotives, steam, electric and Diesel
- ♦ Freight trucks, open and covered
- ♦ Tank-cars
- ♦ Trucks, self-discharging, etc.

EXPORTS

MASINIMPORT

BUCHAREST, Str. MIHAIL EMINESCU No.10

**CABLES: MAŞINIMPORT — BUCHAREST
RUMANIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC**





ROMCOLOR VARNISHES and PAINTS

- ◆ PAINTS WITH A SICCATIVATED LINSEED OIL BASE
- ◆ VARNISHES ON SYNTHETIC RESIN BASE (Alkydale Type)
- ◆ VARNISHES, LACQUERS AND ENAMELS ON A CELLULOSE DERIVATIVES BASE
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PHYSICO-CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	Sulphuric acid obtained by contact process		Sulphuric acid obtained by lead chamber process	
	Type B	Type C	Type B	Type C
Aspect	clear, oily or opalescent liquid			
Monohydrate sulphuric acid (H_2SO_4), min.	96%	92%	96%	92%
Sulphur Dioxide (SO_2), max.	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%
Iron (Fe), max.	0.02%	0.02%	0.1%	0.1%
Calcination residue, max.	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%
Arsenic (As), max.	0.001%	0.001%	0.5%	0.5%
Nitrogen oxides (N_2O_5), max.	—	—	0.05%	0.05%

Uses

To manufacture organic and inorganic acids, technical gases, various plastics; as mordant in dyeing and printing textiles; to purify oils and fats; to refine precious metals; in electroplastics; in refining mineral oils; in photography; in the textile industry; in the manufacture of chemical fertilizers, etc.

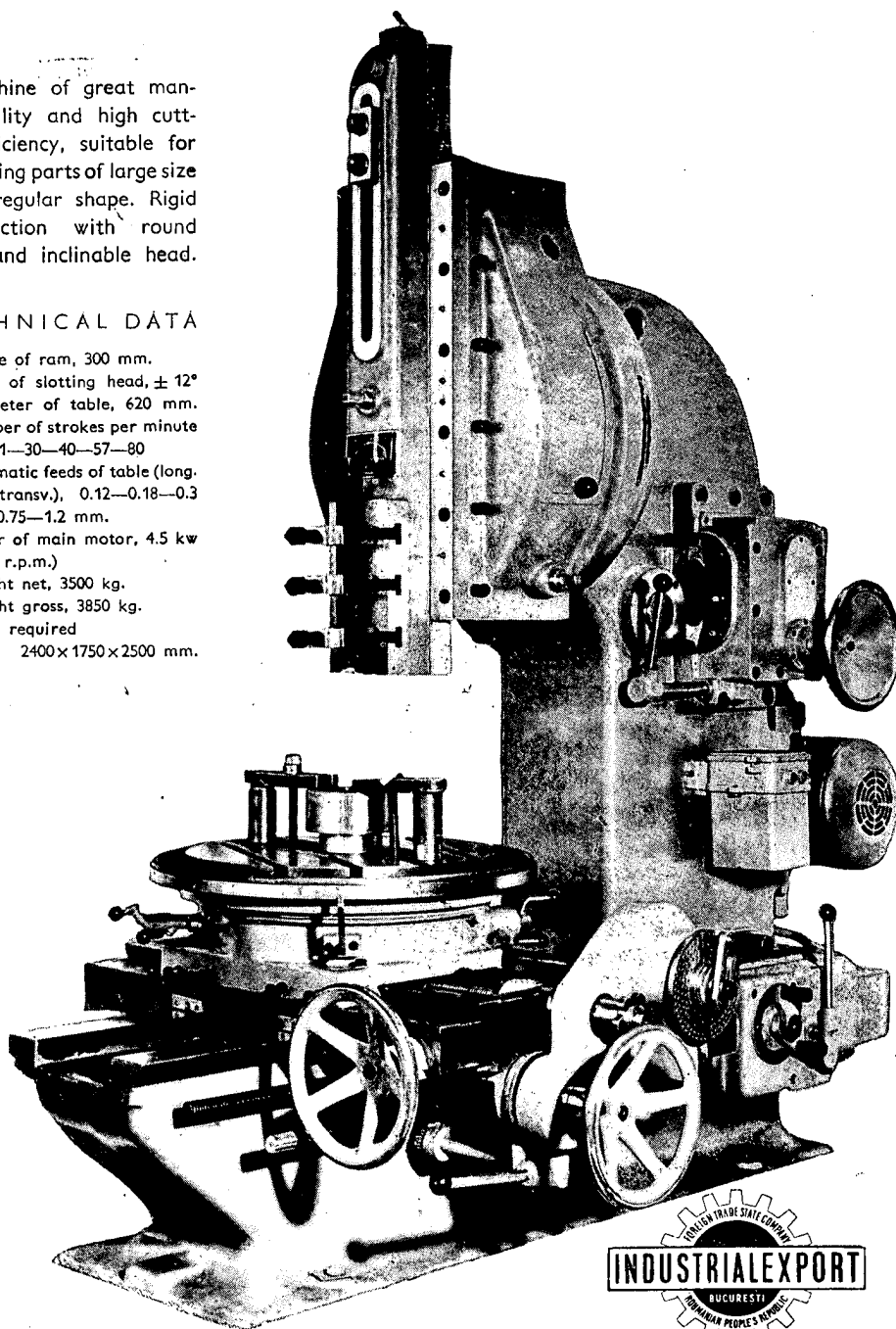


VERTICAL SLOTTING MACHINE TYPE 300 C

A machine of great manoevrability and high cutting efficiency, suitable for machining parts of large size and irregular shape. Rigid construction with round table and inclinable head.

TECHNICAL DATA

- Stroke of ram, 300 mm.
- Slope of slotting head, $\pm 12^\circ$
- Diameter of table, 620 mm.
- Number of strokes per minute
14—21—30—40—57—80
- Automatic feeds of table (long.
and transv.), 0.12—0.18—0.3
0.4—0.75—1.2 mm.
- Power of main motor, 4.5 kw
(1440 r.p.m.)
- Weight net, 3500 kg.
- Weight gross, 3850 kg.
- Space required
2400 x 1750 x 2500 mm.



BUCHAREST ♦ STR. GABRIEL PÉRI No. 2 ♦ CABLES: «INDEXPORT» — BUCHAREST

RUMANIAN INDUSTRY - MAKER AND EXPORTER OF A WIDE RANGE OF FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS

Among the industries created in our country after World War Two the industry producing farm machinery holds an important place in the Rumanian economy. Grouped in big units fitted out with modern appliances, the Rumanian farm machinery industry is today in full swing. It turns out new products every year, thus constantly widening its assortment of high-productivity machines built according to the latest principles of modern technique.

The growing production capacity of this industry and the quality of its products have caused the Rumanian People's Republic to become an exporter of farm machinery already 3-4 years ago. Besides tractors (described in No. 12 of our bulletin) the Rumanian-made farm machines are well known on many markets and are highly appreciated by those who use them.

This is what the "Hindusthan Standard" of November 5, 1955, wrote in this connection: "... owing to their good quality and low price Rumanian-made tractors are highly appreciated abroad." Referring to Rumanian-made farm machinery, the newspaper wrote: "Rumanian agricultural machinery and implement industry has reached a high technical level... and turns out new types of machinery which increase labour productivity".

Of the agricultural machinery exported, we should first mention the *type TPM-3-R-5 tractor plough* which, owing to its characteristics and to its low price is being increasingly ordered from abroad. This is an excellent type of plough for medium-powered tractors and has moreover the great advantage that it can be used both for ploughing up to 28 cm. deep and for stubble turning at 12-14 cm. For deep ploughing it is fitted with 3 big shares and 3 coulters, its working width being 90 cm. To be trailed the plough requires a tractor of about 35 HP. The plough may be used also with lower-powered tractors (approx. 25 HP) if one share is dismantled. For stubble-turning the 3 big shares are replaced by a frame with 5 small shares with which a working width of 120 cm. is obtained. The plough is used in light and medium soils with a resistance of up to 50 kg/dm². Of sturdy construction, it is easily drawn yielding a neat furrow and a good turning and breaking-up of the soil.

Another agricultural machine exported by our country is the *CUT-21 type universal cultivator* suitable for preparing the soil before sowing

as well as for tending crops that require weeding and which are cultivated in rows. The machine has 105 working parts and can be drawn by a 30-40 HP tractor. The working width of the cultivator is 4.2-4.5 m., the depth of working 160 mm. and its total weight 1100 kg. In ten hours the cultivator will work an area of about 20 ha.

The *DB III disc harrow*, which is also suitable for breaking the clods and crust, is another Rumanian-made farm machine much appreciated in foreign countries. This strongly built machine is very efficient owing to the fact that it will work at the high speed of the tractor and will cover a working width of over 5 m. at a depth of 30-100 mm. The DB III disc harrow has 36 manganese steel discs of 450 mm. diameter distributed in six gangs. The angle of the latter can be adjusted from 0° to 35°. The weight of the disc harrow is 1300 kg, a

RUMANIAN MADE AGRICULTURAL MACHINES

- ◆ KD-35 full-track tractors (37 HP)
- ◆ KDP-35 full-track tractors (37 HP)
- ◆ UTOS-2 tractors, universal type, on pneumatic tyres (37 HP)

Exported in advantageous conditions by

INDUSTRIALEXPORT

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Cables: «INDEXFORT» ◆ Bucharest

tractor of approx. 35 HP being required for drawing it. The disc harrow is easily transported to the fields even over narrow country roads as its width in transport position is no more than 1570 mm. the discs being easily loaded on the frame of the disc harrow.

Our industry can moreover supply farmers with the modern mechanically drawn sowing machine, *the type 511 grain drill*. The machine is provided with seed distributor with grooved cylinders and double discs ensuring a perfect distribution of the seed. With 24 rows the working width of this grain drill is 3660 mm. The drills may be lowered at a depth of 100 mm. excellent conditions of germination being thus ensured to the seed. The capacity of the seed box is 0.3 m³, and the weight of the machine 930 kg. the drill being easily drawn by a 35 HP tractor.

By farming with the above shown machines and implements and by using modern agro-technical methods, rich crops are reaped, the gathering of which in the shortest possible time is a matter of importance, solved at a low cost by the Rumanian-made SL-54 *mechanical reaper-binder*. The working width of this machine is 2100 mm. (7') and its output, at a speed of 3.5-4 km/h, is 0.8 ha per hour. The machine is easily drawn requiring a pull of only 350 kg.; its weight is 1100 kg. The machine is supplied with two knives consisting of 28 cutting ledger plates each (one with plain, the other with ribbed finger plates). The binding device, carefully made, ensures the binding of uniform sheaves.

Our industry moreover supplies the highly efficient V. R. *type threshing machine*, that has an output of 2300-4000 kg/h and will carry out threshing in excellent conditions with a minimum loss of grains or breakage. The sturdy metal frame of the threshing machine gives the latter great stability while the axles and shafts mounted in ball- or roller-bearings make for smooth running and a long service without breakdowns. The drum, 600 mm. in diameter and 1360 mm. wide, is solid and well balanced and is fitted with 8 beaters. The speed of the drum is 1000 r.p.m. Each of the two cleaning devices of the threshing machine consists of a fan and several sieves, securing a perfect cleansing of the grains which are then sorted in the spiral sifting cylinder. For the driving of the threshing machine a 22-30 HP force is required which may be supplied by an electric motor, an internal combustion engine or the belt pulley of a tractor.

In addition to those mentioned above, the Rumanian specialized plants turn out a number of other farm machines. Of these we mention the *maize threshing machine*, with an output of 3500 kg/h and *the metal «S-45» sorting and*

cleaning machine with an output of up to 1000 kg/h.

The Rumanian industry likewise turns out and offers for exportation a number of farm implements for animal draught or hand driven. Among these, an important place is held by ploughs.

The Rumanian industry turns out 3 types of ploughs for animal draught:

— *the P.M. type universal plough with fore-furrows and fore-carriage for medium soils*. The working depth of the plough is 180 mm., the working width 230 mm. and its weight 77 kg.

— *the P.R. type plough with fore-carriage for hilly countries* consists of a moldboard, 2 shares and a reversible furrow which turns the earth on to the same side in both directions. This type weighs 73 kg. and is suitable for the same working width and depth as the P.M type.

— *the P. V. type plough* is recommended for ploughing in vineyards or between plantations sown in rows. Its width is only 450 mm. and its weight 36 kg. This type is suitable for ploughing down to 160 mm in depth at a width of 200 mm.

A *reaper for animal draught of the S.P. 1.5-55 type* is also supplied by the Rumanian industry. The cutting width of the machine is 1525 mm. (5') its weight 480 kg. It can be drawn by 2 horses.

For mowing grass, clover, fodder, maize, etc. our industry turns out the C. A.—1.4 *type mower* for animal draught for 1400 mm. cutting width. The machine is supplied with two knives, each with 18 ledger plates (one with plain, the other with ribbed finger plates). This solidly built machine weighing 415 kg. can be drawn by 2 horses. For harvesting and mincing fodder those concerned can purchase Rumanian-made mechanical rakes, hay presses, fodder and beetroot mincing machines, etc. They will also find in our country various other farm machines and implements such as: hand-operated cylindrical metal selectors with an output of 200 kg/h, special types of selectors, tree-spraying apparatus, etc.

From all the above one can see that the Rumanian industry turns out a wide range of farm machinery and implements. All orders should be placed with the «Industrial-export» foreign trade company, No. 2, Gabriel Péri Street, Bucharest.

Our farm machinery and implement industry being perfectly fitted out with modern installations and having gained a rich experience both as regards production and exportation, importers everywhere are sure to get high-quality Rumanian products at prices which will enable them to make good business in their countries.

A High Quality Insulation Material

R O M I Z O L I N

Among the problems facing the builders in most countries of the world, an outstanding place is held by the insulation of buildings against water, dampness, etc. as the durability of a building and the good conditioning of the floor space largely depend on the solving of this problem. The Rumanian chemical industry has greatly contributed towards the solving of this problem, having worked out «ROMIZOLIN» a product with outstanding insulation properties which is being manufactured in increasing quantities at present. This Rumanian product is of the same quality as the insulating materials sold under the «Asplit», «Inertol» and other trade marks.

As a result of its quality characteristics, «ROMIZOLIN» is suitable for use in a great number of domains, from among which we mention the following:

a) Owing to its hydrofuge qualities it yields excellent results in the insulation of new buildings against infiltration of water and dampness. It is therefore used to insulate any buildings such as warehouses, hangars, sheds, stables, foundations, cellars, concrete flooring, brick walls, terraces, balconies, sheet iron roofings, door and window frames, etc.

Concrete or sheet iron water towers and reservoirs painted on the inside with «ROMIZOLIN» become absolutely impermeable. The product adheres perfectly to masonry, plaster, concrete, iron, wood, etc. with which it unites perfectly, withstanding even hammer blows. The «ROMIZOLIN» film is resistant and elastic to bending, free of cracks or breaks.

b) In any kind of repair work «ROMIZOLIN» is most valuable as it precludes dampness and ensures durability.

c) As «ROMIZOLIN» protects metals against rust it can be put to the most varied uses, for the painting of frames of lorries, cars and railway trucks, of metal bridges and pillars as well as of iron or pig iron tubes. «ROMIZOLIN» not only protects floating units — both the part under water and above water — against rust but also renders them abso-

lutely impermeable as it fills any cracks or porosity.

d) «ROMIZOLIN» protects wood and can consequently be used for insulating the sole and ends of sleepers, the more exposed parts of wooden pillars (irrespective of the kind of wood used) for insulating wooden bridges, for the maintenance of telegraph and telephone poles and to protect any wooden craft which, being treated with «ROMIZOLIN», become insulated and absolutely impermeable.

e) In the lumber industry «ROMIZOLIN» is used for insulating the ends of logs (especially of beech logs) as well as the knots and the parts where the bark has been broken, thus preventing the loss of sap.

BUILDING MATERIALS

- ✦ Cement (Portland, maritime, oil-well)
- ✦ Window-glass (drawn, wired, ribbed, frost, muslin, decorative, glass wool, etc.)
- ✦ Marble: Rușchița and Moneasa
- ✦ Travertine: Borsec and Cărpiniș
- ✦ Gypsum, Alabaster, Plaster of Paris (stucco for modelling)
- ✦ Kieselguhr (raw or ground)
- ✦ Asbocement (artificial slate)

E X P O R T E D

everywhere in advantageous conditions by

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Bucharest, Piața Roșetti 4. Phone : 4.35.96; Cables: «Romanoexport» — Bucharest

On all the above shown materials « ROMIZOLIN » is applied with a brush no addition whatsoever being required.

« ROMIZOLIN » is supplied with the following physico-chemical characteristics:

Aspect, semi viscous mass
Colour, black
Make up, bitumen, special tar from animal products, colophony, etc. dissolved in white spirit
Drying, in 2—24 hours depending on the degree of heat
Resistance to chemical agents, stands bases, acids and salts and has great resistance to the combined action of air, containing corrosive gases (locomotive smoke)
Thermic stability: at 100° C it will soften but will not flow. At 30° C it is still flexible and elastic and does not break.

« ROMIZOLIN » is supplied in drums of 200 kg. this packing having proved very resistant during long transport or if much handling is required.

As all the raw materials required for the fabrication of this product are available in this country, the production of « ROMIZOLIN » is constantly growing, making increased quantities available both for home consumption and exportation.

« ROMIZOLIN » is exported by the « CHIMIMPORT » foreign trade company of Bucharest, Str. Bursei No. 2. Additional information under the form of technical material, samples and answers to any problem is supplied by the « CHIMIMPORT » company to all those interested in importing ROMIZOLIN. « CHIMIMPORT » makes precise offers, advantageous as concerns the price as well as the conditions of supply.

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Linseed oil ✧ Polymerized
linseed oil varnish ✧ Glyph-
talick resin varnish (alkydal
type) ✧ Modified colophony
resin varnish (albertol type) ✧
Nitrovarnish ✧ Nitroenamel
✧ Diluent ✧ Electro insulat-
ing varnish ✧ Anti-corrosive
paint ✧ Anti-vegetative paint
✧ Submarine paint

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centration 98%
- ✦ Refined sodium bicar-
bonate
- ✦ Solid sodium silicate
(neutral)
- ✦ Solid sodium silicate
(alkaline)

HIGH QUALITY
LOW PRICES

"Prodexport" Offers:

S E A S O N A B L E F O O D S

Rumania has been known for hundreds of years as a country having great possibilities to export foodstuffs. Today in addition to an increasing number of foodstuffs many European and North American markets are, as in the past, supplied by our country with various cereals, vegetables, pomicultural, viticultural, avicultural, apicultural and piscicultural products, fresh and frozen meat, etc. In 1955 alone (the last year of our first Five Year Plan) the Rumanian export of foodstuffs reached a figure of 145% as compared with 1951.

This year (as a result of the successes achieved in the agro-zootechnical sector during our first Five Year Plan) Rumanian exports of foodstuffs — raw and processed — will continue to grow. From among the unprocessed foodstuffs to be exported this spring by "Prodexport", the Rumanian exporters, we mention:

EARLY VEGETABLES

Beginning in February, every year the "Prodexport" company supplies the international market with early vegetables (hothouse cucumbers and tomatoes).

Hothouse Cucumbers are exported by "Prodexport" especially in the period February-April. The most important supplies are of the "Besten von Allen" variety, highly appreciated by consumers for their taste and refreshing aroma.

Each cucumber is 20—35 cm long and weighs 250—300 g. Their colour is whitish-green and the flesh is tender with very small seeds, making a tasteful salad. They are supplied in lath-cases of 30 kg. net weight (approx. 100 pcs.)

The Hothouse Tomatoes exported by "Prodexport" are likewise much appreciated in foreign markets. The varieties mostly exported include the "Zelandia" and "Gloria Rinului" sorts which are round (of 40—60 mm. diameter) and of brick-red colour. The weight of each tomato is 40—70 g. The tomatoes are fleshy with smooth surface and inviting aspect.

Hothouse tomatoes are supplied in Dutch-type cases of 10 kg. net weight in the period April-June.

EARLY SPRING FRUITS

As far as fruits are concerned, the "Prodexport" company supplies cherries, morello-cherries and strawberries in the spring.

The varieties of *cherries* mostly supplied are "Cisnădie", "Boabe de Cotnar" and "Na-

poleon". These are big-sized, rich in vitamins and inviting. They are delivered from 1 to 15 June packed in Dutch-type cases of approx. 10 kg. weight.

The Rumanian exports of *morello-cherries* include the following varieties: "Spaniolă" (with long pedicle) and "Mocănești" (with short pedicle). The fruit is large, inviting and rich in vitamins. Morello-cherries are supplied from 1—15 June, packed like the common cherries.

Strawberries are exported by "Prodexport" from 1 to 20 June. The varieties mostly supplied are "Creasta Cocoșului", "Saxa" and "König Albert" which have a strong aroma and an inviting aspect. They are delivered packed in Dutch-type cases of 5 kg. net weight.

EGGS

As a result of the restoration and development of the Rumanian avicultural stock which had been greatly impaired during World War Two and the 1945—1947 draught, our country again appeared in the international market as an exporter of eggs.

In 1955 alone important quantities of eggs were exported by the Rumanian P.R. to Austria, the German F. R., Italy, Switzerland, etc. The consignments supplied have shown that our country exports high quality eggs, fresh, checked at the ovoscope, with clean unwashed shell, and of uniform size.

The eggs exported by "Prodexport" are classified in the "Superior" and 1st qualities and sorted according to weight: 50/55 g., 55/60 g., and 65/70 g. When supplied, the air space of the "superior" quality eggs is 5 mm. and of the 1st class eggs 7 mm. Supplied in cases of 360 eggs; inside the cases the eggs are protected by mill-board partitions.

We should mention that our exports of eggs begin in February, but the weather in our country being still cold at this time of the year, production is at a low ebb and as a consequence February exports are effected on a small scale. Production increasing rapidly in March, exports display the same tendency and continue at this rate till June 15 when, owing to warm weather, production decreases again. Between June 15 and August 15, eggs are exported only occasionally at short distances with rapid means of transport (to avoid degradation by heat). From August 15 to October 15 our country exports considerable quantities of eggs. It is in this period that the famous eggs known in the international market under the name of

"Getreide Korneier" (Corn eggs) are gathered in our country. From October 15 to February, the exportation of eggs from our country stops and only occasional sales are made if cold-proof means of transport are available.

HONEY

In our country acacia is among the first trees to bloom under the influence of the spring sun. Attracted by the pleasant smell of its flowers rich in pollen, bees come to gather the raw material they use for the making of honey — that tasteful and nourishing food.

Acacia honey is the most appreciated variety of honey. It is clear, has a very pleasant aroma and contains a very high percentage of sugar (70–80% inverted sugar), its diastasic index being minimum 10.9 g. Honey is supplied without any admixture.

Honey is exported in tin-plated containers of 25 kg. net weight or in wooden barrels of 100 kg. In summer, autumn and winter also honey from other flowers is supplied as well as manna honey.

CHOICE FOODS

In recent years the Rumanian company "Prodexport" has begun to export important quantities of choice foods such as: crawfish, frogs and snails. So far the most important quantities of these choice foods have been exported to Belgium, France and the German F.R.

Live Crawfish (*Leptodactylus*) are exported in ventilated cases of 10 kg. net weight. Inside the cases the layers of crawfish are separated by washed wood-wool. Each crawfish supplied weighs between 50–70 g.

Live Frogs (*Rana Esculanta*) are supplied in ventilated cases of 7–10 kg. net weight, each case containing 60–100 frogs arranged in a single layer on a bed of wet reed. The weight of each frog is from 80 g. onwards.

Live Snails of various edible species are also supplied in ventilated cases of 3–5 kg. net weight. Inside the case the snails are arranged on a layer of wet reed. The snails are supplied with undamaged shell the weight of each being 30 g. or more.

Crawfish, frogs and snails are exported by air.

★

In addition to natural seasonable foods, the "Prodexport" company exports all through the year various kinds of preserved food such as: tinned vegetables, tinned vegetables prepared with meat, tinned meat and game, preserved fruit (stewed fruit in syrup, jam, fruit juice, pulp and marc, etc.), various kinds of sausages, cheese and other dairy products, fish, various kinds of sturgeon, caviar, sweets. Also supplied all through the year are frozen pork, beef and mutton as well as lard, bacon, poultry (chicken, hens, ducks, geese, turkeys), foie gras and various alcoholic drinks.

Samples of all kind of Rumanian food-stuffs will be on show this year at the international fairs in which the Rumanian foreign trade companies will participate (at the international spring fairs at Leipzig and Milano in which the Rumanian companies have so far participated in 1956, a wide range of food-stuffs were displayed in the Rumanian P. R.'s pavilion). Foreign firms will thus be able to get acquainted with Rumanian export food-stuffs, with their quality and advantageous conditions of supply.

ROAD BUILDING MACHINES

- ◇ Road rollers with 35 HP Diesel engine, weight 10 tons.
- ◇ Jaw crushers, size of feeding mouth 400 × 250 mm or 600 × 400 mm, output 4–5 resp. 8–10 m³/h.
- ◇ Hammer crushers, output 15 to 60 ton/hour.
- ◇ Metal constructions for road and railway bridges.

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Do You Know the Type EC-2 Electric Truck?

For the transport of various materials in factories, railway stations, ports and warehouses, the Rumanian P.R. electro-technical industry manufactures in serial production a useful vehicle owing to its qualities — the type EC-2 electric truck.

The Rumanian made type EC-2 electric truck has a dead weight of 1500 kg and will carry a serviceable load of 2 tons (the serviceable surface of the platform being 2.300 sq. m.) or draw a 3 ton load. The four wheels of the vehicle are fitted with brakes, the design permitting turns within a very small radius. The curvature of the outer circle is 2800 mm and that of the inner circle 1600 mm.

The electric truck is driven by a 1.5 kW motor of closed construction. The motor couple is geared to the two front wheels through the intermediary of a set of toothed wheels running in a closed oil bath. The maximum speed of the electric car without load is 10 km/h and with load 4—5 km/h.

The motors are fed by a type Ky-210 set of lead accumulators consisting of 20 cells and are operated by a cam controlling device. The accumulators are located in a wooden box disposed under the platform of the truck and attached to the frame.

Long and elastic springs make the truck run smoothly even over slightly uneven ground.

The switchboard is placed at the front part of the vehicle the driver thus being in a comfortable and safe position.

The brakes are worked by a spiral spring which operates with great efficiency on all four wheels simultaneously, causing a sudden stoppage of the vehicle the moment the driver leaves the platform.

The electric truck is driven with a minimum effort by means of a hand operated control lever, the controls being identical for both directions of running. This is another reason which makes it easier to manipulate the vehicle over difficult ground and within narrow curves.

From all the above it clearly appears that the Rumanian made type EC-2 electric truck is a modern vehicle of great transport capacity considering its size and manoeuvrability. Moreover the design of the truck makes possible the running within curves of small radius. If to all the above shown we add the advantageous conditions offered by the exporters «Industrialexport» (Bucharest, Str. Gabriel Peri Nr. 2) our readers will agree that it pays to buy electric trucks in the Rumanian P.R.

RUMANIAN HURRICANE LANTERNS («GLOBUS»)

Although today we live in the era of electricity and atomic energy, hurricane lanterns are still an irreplaceable means of lighting in certain instances. A car may light its way through the night by means of electric headlamps, and express trains and liners are brightly lit by scores of electric lamps, however there are many instances when electricity cannot constitute the practical and handy means of lighting to which many of us have been accustomed since childhood. Indeed for raftsmen, boatmen, cart drivers, caravan leaders or peasants in villages without electric power supply, in caravanserais or crossroad inns, as well as in scores of other cases in transport, in the household, in workshops, etc. hurricane lanterns are a necessary means of lighting. Even we who live in bright electrically lit cities, often use them when camping on a beautiful night. Therefore hurricane lanterns are still a much

needed product in the most varied corners of the world.

And our industry knows it from the increasing number of large orders it receives from abroad, orders which are accounted for by the well known good quality of Rumanian made hurricane lanterns. Today the Rumanian P. R. exports hurricane lanterns not only to Europe but also to a great number of countries of the Near East, North, East and West Africa, to Indonesia, and other countries. The «GLOBUS» hurricane lanterns (made in Rumania) are highly appreciated by those who use them, wherever they have been exported.

To satisfy the requirements of the buyers, the Rumanian industry turns out a wide range of types of hurricane lanterns of various sizes and aspects. From among these, the international market appreciates especially the tin-plated «GLOBUS» hur-

hurricane lanterns of shining silvery aspect, and the "GLOBUS" bronzed in the colour of aluminium, of types 104 and 107. Their technical characteristics are the following:

	Type 104	Type 107
Height . . . approx.	240 mm	310 mm
Capacity of basin .	150-160 g	250-260 g
Burns with one filling	11-13 h	17-18 h

Each lantern is supplied with a glass globe which is protected, but in such a way as not to hinder the shedding of light. A strong and closely woven wick is also supplied which ensures that the burning continues until the fuel in the basin is exhausted. The lanterns are fitted with a regulating device which is easy to handle; smoking is excluded.

Spare globes and wicks are supplied upon request.

In order that hurricane lanterns should reach buyers in perfect conditions great care is given to the packing. Each lantern is packed separately in a paper bag, after which 96 type 104, and 48 type 107 lanterns go into a wooden case hooped with wooden laths and band iron. To ensure full protection of the lanterns in each case the walls of the latter are lined with paraffin paper to protect

the lanterns against humidity, and the rows of bags are separated by corrugated paste board (protection against shocks, flattening, etc.).

If requested the lanterns are also supplied packed in mill-board packings, in which case each lantern is packed in a paper bag, and 24 pieces type 104 or 12 pieces type 107 are packed in a mill-board box. The above shown measures of protection against humidity and shocks are applied in this instance also. We should like to mention that in some instances importers of Rumanian-made hurricane lanterns have chosen this kind of packing, because mill-board boxes are easy to handle (in transshipment, etc.) and low priced in transport, due to their reduced volume. It is worth mentioning that lanterns packed in mill-board boxes have reached their destination in the same conditions as those supplied in wooden cases.

The Rumanian-made hurricane lanterns ("GLOBUS"), products of good quality known and appreciated in many foreign markets, are exported by the State company for foreign trade "ROMANOEXPORT" Bucharest, Piața Rosetti No. 4.

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IMPORTS

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